

Phil. 102: Introduction to Philosophical Inquiry

Quiz 2: Science and Philosophy

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Directions: Carefully study statements 1-10. Decide whether each statement is true or false and write in the spaces provided the word “true” or the word “false” in accordance with your decision.

1. _____ Russell implies that the various sciences had their origin in philosophy.
2. _____ Russell points out that philosophy aims at knowledge; whereas, science aims at technological improvements for civilization.
3. _____ A major value of philosophy is not so much the certainty achieved, but the new questions that are raised.
4. _____ Many times science seeks answers to the question “Why...?”; philosophy seeks to answer “How...?”.
5. _____ The only science which developed independently of philosophy was physics.
6. _____ Philosophy is almost exclusively concerned with the outcomes and conclusions of other fields of inquiry.
7. _____ Both philosophy and science seek knowledge, but part of the value of philosophy lies in its uncertainty.
8. _____ Many philosophers in the history of philosophy are now considered scientists.
9. _____ Philosophy is, in part, an attempt to discover the assumptions or presuppositions for any kind of systematic inquiry.
10. _____ One major distinction between science and philosophy is that science usually has practical, concrete results and philosophy has few concrete results.

NAME _____