

Quiz: Naturalism, Supernaturalism, and Humanism

1

Directions: Carefully study statements 1-10. Decide whether each statement is true or false, and write in the spaces provided the word “true” or the word “false” in accordance with your decision.

1. _____ **False** _____ Naturalism is the philosophical belief that all events in this world are in principle describable in terms of the moral and legal proprieties of society.
2. _____ **False** _____ Naturalism ordinarily supposes that the world process is made of ordinary events with occasional singularities or violations of natural law or miracles.
3. _____ **False** _____ The Stratonician presumption is the claim that a sufficient reason must be given to be able to use causality as an explanatory hypothesis for natural events.
4. _____ **False** _____ According to naturalism, human beings are more likely to be happy if they follow their religious beliefs.
5. _____ **True** _____ The theological belief of supernaturalism holds that neither man nor nature is of ultimate concern.
6. _____ **True** _____ The supernaturalist believes that human beings should try to transcend their nature by following God’s will.
7. _____ **True** _____ In supernaturalism, human beings are considered superior to all other of God’s natural creations.
8. _____ **True** _____ The key to happiness according to humanism is to develop the capacity for humaneness among people
9. _____ **True** _____ In the philosophy of humanism, the relationships of people are considered of ultimate concern, not God or nature.
10. _____ **False** _____ Supernaturalists reject religious beliefs, whereas humanists do not necessarily do so.

NAME _____